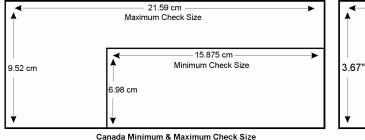
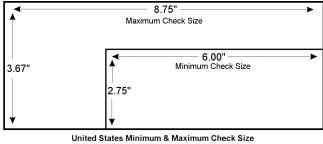


MICR Mounted Check Position Gauge Instructions

A MICR gauge verifies that **all** the data printed on your check is accurate and in the proper positions. A MICR gauge is a clear plastic template with a cardboard backer that you position over your check. It will indicate whether or not your MICR encoding line follows the correct spacing, is not skewed, and has the right number of characters. The MICR gauge also shows you the magnetic clear zone, maximum and minimum check widths and heights, offers a decimal inch ruler, plus much more

All U.S. specifications are measured in inches. All Canadian specifications are measured in centimeters (cm).







First: Slide your check between the transparent printed plastic gauge piece and the cardboard backing. You are now ready to position your check exactly inside the gauge.



Next: Move your check down until the exact **bottom of your check** aligns with **the top of the black area** at the bottom of the gauge. Finally, move your check from right to left until the **right side of your check aligns exactly with the right side of the gauge**.

1. CHECK ALIGNMENT ALWAYS STARTS AT THE BOTTOM RIGHT CORNER.

All MICR measurements are made from the bottom **right** corner of your check. **Always base measurements with the gauge from the** *right* **side of your check!** Measurements for items 2 - 7 are made by positioning the check under the clear gauge so that the check's bottom and right edge align with the black bottom area and right edge of the MICR gauge.

2. MICR CLEAR BAND:

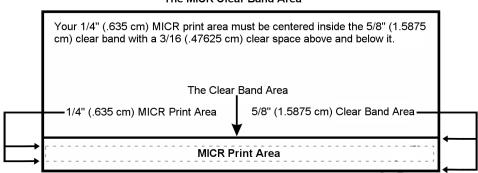
This area extends the full length of the check and 0.625 inches or 1.59 cm up from the bottom edge of the check. It must be **free of** *all* **magnetic ink** other than that used for the MICR / E13-B encoding information

3. MICR ENCODING BAND:

All MICR characters must be printed inside the encoding band located within the clear band. There are 62 character positions broken up into 4 fields: Aux ON-US / Serial Number, Transit, ON-US, and Amount. The **Amount Field** occupies positions 12 - 1, and the **Transit Field** must occupy positions #43 and stop at position #33 unless a floating field is required, ±0.0625 inches (0.16cm). Both the **ON-US Field** and **Auxiliary ON-US Field** are floating fields and may begin and end anywhere within their respective boundaries. The **External Processing Code Field** (EPC), is located between the transit field and the auxiliary on us field. The field location and content are supplied by your financial institution must be followed exactly.

Canada Only: CPA 006 update June 30, 2006: The maximum number of characters in the serial number field is twelve (12) digits and two (2) On-Us symbols. This field must end at position 58. Positions 63, 64, & 65 must not be occupied. These positions are only used in the United States.

The MICR Clear Band Area



You need 3/16" (.47625 cm) clear space both above & below the MICR line

4. OPTICAL CLEAR BAND:

This area surrounds the MICR encoding band and extends the entire length of the check. It must be free of all background printing exceeding the optical specification of 0.30 Print Contrast Signal (PCS). Refer to the ANSI MICR specifications for related border information.

5. CONVENIENCE AMOUNT SCAN AREA (CASA):

This rectangle includes the convenience amount clear area (CACA) and the convenience amount rectangle (CAR). Refer to the ANSI specifications for acceptable position and size variations. It is located in the upper right hand side of the MICR gauge.

6. HORIZONTAL CHARACTER TO CHARACTER SPACING:

Each MICR character must have its **right edge touching the right edge** of the rectangular box it is located in. Each box is exactly 0.125 inches $(0.317 \text{ cm}) \pm 0.010$ " (0.025 cm), wide. The check may be shifted horizontally to positions 14 and 15 where possible spacing errors can be checked.

7. CHARACTER SKEW:

Position the check horizontally under the gauge so that the character in question is in position 54 or 55. If the character is tilted so that it falls outside of either slanted lines, the vertical character skew specification of 1.5 degrees has been exceeded.

8. LINE SKEW:

Position the check so that the top edges of the MICR characters, excluding the Dash and On-Us symbols, touch the solid horizontal line that marks the top of the clear band. The bottom edge of the check will then bisect the vertical scales, marked in 1/2 degree increments, viewed in positions 6 and 46. The difference between readings of the two scales is the degree of line skew. **Note the maximum line skew is 1.5 degrees.**

9. MICR FONT SIZE:

Position an outline character over a matching MICR symbol. The MICR character should fit inside the dashed.

10. VERTICAL CHARACTER TO CHARACTER ALIGNMENT:

Position the check under the gauge so that the field to be measured is located over the correct country area (*U.S. or Canada*). The bottom edges of the characters must be within the dashed boundary lines above and below the solid base line.